

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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In Case of Emergency Call:
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(800) 424-9300 [CHEMTREC,24 hours]

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: **Grizzly Z Insecticide**
EPA Signal Word: Warning
Active Ingredient (%): Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical (11.4%) CAS No.: 91465-08-6
Chemical Name: [1a(S*),3a(Z)]-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate
Chemical Class: A pyrethroid insecticide
EPA Registration Number(s): 1381-211

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material	OSHA	ACGIH	Other	NTP/IARC/OSHA
	PEL	TLV		Carcinogen
Naphthalene (<=1.4%)	10 ppm TWA	10 ppm TWA (skin)	10 ppm TWA**	See "Toxicity", Sec. 11
Propylene Glycol	Not Established	Not Established	50 ppm TWA****	No
Petroleum Solvent	Not Established	Not Established	100 mg/m ³ (15 ppm) TWA*	No
Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical (11.4%)	Not Established	Not Established	0.04 mg/m ³ TWA (skin)***	No

*recommended by manufacturer

**recommended by NIOSH

***Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL)

****Recommended by AIHA (American Industrial Hygiene Association)

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Symptoms of Acute Exposure

May cause mild eye and skin irritation. Toxic if swallowed or absorbed through the skin.

Exposure to high vapor levels may cause headache, dizziness, numbness, nausea, incoordination, or other central nervous system effects.

May cause temporary itching, tingling, burning or numbness of exposed skin, called paresthesia.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Can decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.

Physical Properties

Appearance: Blue opaque liquid (capsule suspension)

Odor: Not determined

Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Ingestion: If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye Contact: If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin Contact: If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Inhalation: If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Notes to Physician

There is no specific antidote if this product is ingested.

Treat symptomatically.

Skin contact paresthesia effects (itching, tingling, burning or numbness) are transient, lasting up to 24 hours. Treat symptomatically.

Medical Condition Likely to be Aggravated by Exposure

None known.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion

Flash Point (Test Method): >200°F

Flammable Limits (% in Air): Lower: % Not Applicable Upper: % Not Applicable

Autoignition Temperature: Not Available

Flammability: Not Applicable

Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

In Case of Fire

Use dry chemical, foam or CO₂ extinguishing media. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

In Case of Spill or Leak

Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Section 8. Cover entire spill with absorbing material and place into compatible disposal container. Scrub area with hard water detergent (e.g. commercial products such as Tide, Joy, Spic and Span). Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store the material in a well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Do not store food, beverages or tobacco products in the storage area. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, PACKAGING AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Ingestion: Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco usage and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Eye Contact: Where eye contact is likely, use chemical splash goggles.

Skin Contact: Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves, coveralls, socks and chemical-resistant footwear. For overhead exposure, wear chemical-resistant headgear. Stringent housekeeping measures are necessary to prevent translocation of the material from contaminated work surfaces to uncontaminated surfaces (railings, doors, etc.). Unprotected contact with such translocated material can result in paresthesia effects (see Section 11).

Inhalation: A combination particulate/organic vapor respirator may be necessary until effective engineering controls are installed to comply with occupational exposure limits. Use a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with an HE prefilter.

Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in cases of emergency spills, when exposure levels are unknown, or under any circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Beige liquid (capsule suspension)

Odor: Not determined

Melting Point: Not Applicable

Boiling Point: Not Available

Specific Gravity/Density: 1.07 g/ml @ 68°F (20°C)

pH: 5

Solubility in H₂O

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: 0.004 mg/l

Vapor Pressure

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: 1.5 x 10⁽⁻⁹⁾ mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: None known.

Materials to Avoid: None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Can decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity/Irritation Studies (Finished Product)

Ingestion: Moderately Toxic
Oral (LD50 Rat) : = 351 mg/kg body weight

Dermal: Slightly Toxic
Dermal (LD50 Rat) : > 2,000 mg/kg body weight

Inhalation: Practically Non-Toxic
Inhalation (LC50 Rat) =2.5 mg/l air - 4 hours

Eye Contact: Mildly Irritating (Rabbit)

Skin Contact: Slightly Irritating (Rabbit)

Skin Sensitization: Not available.

Reproductive/Developmental Effects

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: Not a developmental or reproductive toxicant.

Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: Reversible paresthesia (abnormal skin sensation).
Reversible clinical signs of neurotoxicity in mammals.

Carcinogenicity

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: No treatment-related tumors in rats or mice.

Other Toxicity Information

In humans, contact with exposed skin may result in temporary itching, tingling, burning or numbness, called paresthesia. The effect may result from splash, aerosol, or hot vapor contact, or transfer to the face from contaminated gloves and hands. The symptoms normally disappear within 24 hours. Face and genital areas are especially susceptible to this effect. Paresthesia involving the face is also known as "subjective facial sensation" or SFS.

Toxicity of Other Components

Naphthalene (<= 1.4%)

Exposure to naphthalene can cause cataracts, liver damage, kidney failure, respiratory failure, hematuria, anemia, damage to red blood cells, leukocytosis, or coma.

Carcinogen Status:

NTP: Anticipated Carcinogen

IARC: Group 2B Possible Human Carcinogen

Petroleum Solvent

Inhalation of vapors at high concentrations can cause central nervous system effects (dizziness, headache), irritation to eyes or respiratory tract.

Propylene Glycol

Reported to cause central nervous system depression (anesthesia, dizziness, confusion), headache and nausea. Also, eye irritation may occur with lacrimation but no residual discomfort or injury. Prolonged contact to skin may cause mild to moderate irritation and possible allergic reactions. Chronic dietary exposure caused kidney and liver injury in experimental animals.

Target Organs

Active Ingredients

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: Liver, nervous system

Inert Ingredients

Naphthalene: Eye, liver, kidney, respiratory tract, blood, CNS

Petroleum Solvent: Respiratory tract, stomach, liver, thyroid, urinary bladder, CNS, skin

Propylene Glycol: CNS, skin, eye, kidney, liver

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Summary of Effects

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical:

Slightly toxic to birds. Highly toxic to fish, invertebrates and bees.

Eco-Acute Toxicity

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: Bees LC50/EC50 0.038 ug/bee
Invertebrates (Water Flea) LC50/EC50 0.00036 ppm
Fish (Trout) LC50/EC50 0.00024 ppm
Fish (Bluegill) LC50/EC50 0.00021 ppm
Birds (8-day dietary - Bobwhite Quail) LC50/EC50 > 5,300 ppm
Birds (8-day dietary - Mallard Duck) LC50/EC50 > 3,948 ppm

Eco-Chronic Toxicity

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical: Not available at this time.

Environmental Fate

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Technical:

The information presented here is for the active ingredient, lambda-cyhalothrin. Not persistent in soil or water. Immobile in soil. Sinks in water (after 24 h).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal

Do not reuse product containers. Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

Characteristic Waste: Not Applicable

Listed Waste: Not Applicable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Classification

Ground Transport - NAFTA
Proper Shipping Name: Pyrethroid Pesticides, Liquid, Toxic (contains Lambda-Cyhalothrin)
Hazard Class or Division: Class 6.1
Identification Number: UN 3352
Packing Group: PGIII

B/L Freight Classification

Insecticides, NOI, Poison

Comments

Water Transport - International
Proper Shipping Name: Pyrethroid Pesticides, Liquid, Toxic (contains Lambda-Cyhalothrin)
Hazard Class or Division: Class 6.1
Identification Number: UN 3352
Packing Group: PG III

Air Transport - International
Proper Shipping Name: Pyrethroid Pesticides, Liquid, Toxic (contains Lambda-Cyhalothrin)
Hazard Class or Division: Class 6.1
Identification Number: UN 3352
Packing Group: PGIII
Maximum Quantity/Pkg: 60L (2.5L max inner containers)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA SARA Title III Classification

Section 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Naphthalene (<= 1.4%) (CASNo. 91-20-3)

California Proposition 65

Not Applicable

CERCLA/SARA 302 Reportable Quantity (RQ)

Report product spills > 800 gal. (based on naphthalene [RQ = 100 lbs.] content in the formulation)

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261)

Not Applicable

TSCA Status

Exempt from TSCA, subject to FIFRA

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Ratings	HMIS Hazard Ratings			
Health:	2	Health:	2	1 Minimal
Flammability:	1	Flammability:	1	2 Slight
Instability:	0	Reactivity:	0	3 Moderate
			4	4 Serious
				Extreme

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